

H5L_ITERATE

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H5L_ITERATE

Iterates through links in a group

Procedure:

H5L_ITERATE(group, index_type, order, position, op, ctx)

Signature:

```
herr_t H5Literate
```

```
(  
    hid_t          group,  
    H5_index_t     index_type,  
    H5_iter_order_t order,  
    hsize_t*       position,  
    H5L_iterate_t op,  
    void*          ctx  
)
```

```
SUBROUTINE h5literate_f(group,index_type, order, position,  
    op, ctx, return_value, hdferr)  
    INTEGER(HID_T) , INTENT(IN) :: group  
    INTEGER , INTENT(IN) :: index_type  
    INTEGER , INTENT(IN) :: order  
    INTEGER(HSIZE_T), INTENT(INOUT) :: position  
    TYPE(C_FUNPTR) , INTENT(IN) :: op  
    TYPE(C_PTR) , INTENT(IN) :: ctx  
    INTEGER , INTENT(OUT) :: return_value  
    INTEGER , INTENT(OUT) :: hdferr
```

Parameters:

Name	Mode	Kind	Description
group	IN	handle	File or group identifier
index_type	IN	choice	Index for iteration order
order	IN	choice	Traversal order
position	INOUT	integer	Iteration position
op	IN	delegate	User-defined operator
ctx	INOUT	opaque	User-supplied context

Description:

H5L_ITERATE iterates through the links in a group, `group`, in the order of the specified index, `index_type`, using a user-defined callback routine `op`. H5L_ITERATE does not recursively follow links into subgroups of the specified group.

Three parameters are used to manage progress of the iteration: `index_type`, `order`, and `position`.

`index_type` specifies the index to be used. If the links have not been indexed by the index type, they will first be sorted by that index then the iteration will begin; if the links have been so indexed, the sorting step will be unnecessary, so the iteration may begin more quickly.

The choices for `index_type` are:

Name	Meaning
H5_INDEX_NAME	Lexicographic order
H5_INDEX_CRT_ORDER	Creation order

`order` specifies the order in which objects are to be inspected along the index `index_type`. The choices for `order` are:

Name	Meaning
H5_ITER_INC	Increasing order
H5_ITER_DEC	Decreasing order
H5_ITER_NATIVE	Fastest order

`position` tracks the iteration and allows an iteration to be resumed if it was stopped before all members were processed. It is passed in by the application with a starting point and returned by the library with the point at which the iteration stopped.

The `op` callback function, the related `H5L_info_t` struct, and the effect of the callback function's return value on the application are described in H5L_VISIT.

`ctx` is a user-defined pointer to the data required to process links in the course of the iteration. This pointer is passed back to each step of the iteration in the `op` callback function's `ctx` parameter.

`op` is invoked for each link encounter:

Signature:

```
herr_t (*H5L_iterate_t)
(
    hid_t          group,
    const char*    name,
    const H5L_info_t* info,
    void*          ctx
)
```

Info:

```

typedef struct {
    H5L_type_t    type;          /* Type of link          */
    hbool_t      corder_valid; /* Indicates whether creation
                                order is valid          */
    int64_t      corder;        /* Creation order        */
    H5T_cset_t   cset;          /* Character set of link name */
    union {
        haddr_t  address;       /* Address hard link points to */
        size_t   val_size;      /* Size of soft link or
                                user-defined link value */
    } u;
} H5L_info_t;

```

Returns:

Return value	Meaning
0	Continue iteration
> 0	Stop iteration; successful termination
< 0	Stop iteration; abnormal termination

ctx is passed to and from each iteration and can be used to supply or aggregate information across iterations.

The behavior of H5L_ITERATE is undefined if the link membership of group changes during the iteration. This does not limit the ability to change link destinations while iterating, but caution is advised.

For recursive behavior, see the following:

- [H5L_VISIT](#)
- [H5L_VISIT_BY_NAME](#)
- [H5O_VISIT](#)
- [H5O_VISIT_BY_NAME](#)

Returns:

On success, returns the return value of the first operator that returns a positive value, or zero if all members were processed with no operator returning non-zero.

On failure, returns a negative value if something goes wrong within the library, or the first negative value returned by an operator.

Example:

```

1_10 / C / H5G / h5ex_g_iterate.c      master      HDF5V/hdf5-examples
/*****

This example shows how to iterate over group members using
H5Literate.

This file is intended for use with HDF5 Library version 1.8

*****/

#include "hdf5.h"

```

```

#include <stdio.h>

#define FILE          "h5ex_g_iterate.h5"

/*
 * Operator function to be called by H5Literate.
 */
herr_t op_func (hid_t loc_id, const char *name, const H5L_info_t *info,
                void *operator_data);

int
main (void)
{
    hid_t          file;          /* Handle */
    herr_t        status;

    /*
     * Open file.
     */
    file = H5Fopen (FILE, H5F_ACC_RDONLY, H5P_DEFAULT);

    /*
     * Begin iteration.
     */
    printf ("Objects in root group:\n");
    status = H5Literate (file, H5_INDEX_NAME, H5_ITER_NATIVE, NULL, op_func, NULL);

    /*
     * Close and release resources.
     */
    status = H5Fclose (file);

    return 0;
}

/*****

Operator function.  Prints the name and type of the object
being examined.

*****/
herr_t op_func (hid_t loc_id, const char *name, const H5L_info_t *info,
                void *operator_data)
{
    herr_t        status;
    H5O_info_t    infobuf;

    /*
     * Get type of the object and display its name and type.
     * The name of the object is passed to this function by
     * the Library.
     */
    status = H5Oget_info_by_name (loc_id, name, &infobuf, H5P_DEFAULT);
    switch (infobuf.type) {
        case H5O_TYPE_GROUP:
            printf (" Group: %s\n", name);
            break;
        case H5O_TYPE_DATASET:

```

```
        printf (" Dataset: %s\n", name);
        break;
    case H5O_TYPE_NAMED_DATATYPE:
        printf (" Datatype: %s\n", name);
        break;
    default:
        printf ( " Unknown: %s\n", name);
}
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

1_8 / FORTRAN / H5G / h5ex_g_iterate_F03.f90

master H5FFV/h

df5-examples

```
!*****
!  
! This example shows how to iterate over group members using
! H5Literate.
!  
! This file is intended for use with HDF5 Library version 1.8
! with --enable-fortran2003
!  
!  
!*****
MODULE g_iterate

    USE HDF5
    USE ISO_C_BINDING
    IMPLICIT NONE

CONTAINS

!*****
!  
! Operator function. Prints the name and type of the object
! being examined.
!  
! *****

INTEGER FUNCTION op_func(loc_id, name, info, operator_data) bind(C)

    USE HDF5
    USE ISO_C_BINDING
    IMPLICIT NONE

    INTEGER(HID_T), VALUE :: loc_id
    CHARACTER(LEN=1), DIMENSION(1:10) :: name ! must have LEN=1 for bind(C) strings
    TYPE(C_PTR) :: info
    TYPE(C_PTR) :: operator_data

    INTEGER    :: status, i, len

    TYPE(H5O_info_t), TARGET :: infobuf
    TYPE(C_PTR) :: ptr
    CHARACTER(LEN=10) :: name_string

    !
    ! Get type of the object and display its name and type.
    ! The name of the object is passed to this FUNCTION by
    ! the Library.
    !

    DO i = 1, 10
```

```

        name_string(i:i) = name(i)(1:1)
ENDDO

CALL H5Oget_info_by_name_f(loc_id, name_string, infobuf, status)

! Include the string up to the C NULL CHARACTER
len = 0
DO
    IF(name_string(len+1:len+1).EQ.C_NULL_CHAR.OR.len.GE.10) EXIT
    len = len + 1
ENDDO

IF(infobuf%type.EQ.H5O_TYPE_GROUP_F)THEN
    WRITE(*,*) "Group: ", name_string(1:len)
ELSE IF(infobuf%type.EQ.H5O_TYPE_DATASET_F)THEN
    WRITE(*,*) "Dataset: ", name_string(1:len)
ELSE IF(infobuf%type.EQ.H5O_TYPE_NAMED_DATATYPE_F)THEN
    WRITE(*,*) "Datatype: ", name_string(1:len)
ELSE
    WRITE(*,*) "Unknown: ", name_string(1:len)
ENDIF

op_func = 0 ! return successful

END FUNCTION op_func

END MODULE g_iterate

PROGRAM main

USE HDF5
USE ISO_C_BINDING
USE g_iterate

IMPLICIT NONE

CHARACTER(LEN=17), PARAMETER :: filename = "h5ex_g_iterate.h5"
INTEGER(HID_T) :: file ! Handle
INTEGER :: status
TYPE(C_FUNPTR) :: funptr
TYPE(C_PTR) :: ptr
INTEGER(hsize_t) :: idx
INTEGER :: ret_value
!
! Initialize FORTRAN interface.
!
CALL h5open_f(status)
!
! Open file.
!
CALL H5Fopen_f(filename, H5F_ACC_RDONLY_F, file, status)
!
! Begin iteration.
!
WRITE(*,'(A)') "Objects in root group:"

idx = 0
funptr = C_FUNLOC(op_func) ! call back function

```

```
ptr    = C_NULL_PTR

CALL H5Literate_f(file, H5_INDEX_NAME_F, H5_ITER_NATIVE_F, idx, funptr, ptr,
ret_value, status)

!
! Close and release resources.
!
CALL H5Fclose_f(file, status)
```



```
END PROGRAM main
```

History:

Release	Change
1.8.8	Fortran subroutine added.
1.8.0	C function introduced.

--- Last Modified: March 19, 2019 | 11:28 AM